

House _____ Amendment NO. _____

Offered By

1 AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 608, Page 1,
2 Section A, Line 2, by inserting after all of said section and line the following:

3
4 "96.192. 1. The board of trustees of any hospital authorized under subsection 2 of this
5 section, and established and organized under the provisions of sections 96.150 to 96.229, may invest
6 up to twenty-five percent of the hospital's funds not required for immediate disbursement in
7 obligations or for the operation of the hospital in any United States investment grade fixed income
8 funds or any diversified stock funds, or both.

9 2. The provisions of this section shall only apply if the hospital:

10 (1) Receives less than one percent of its annual revenues from municipal, county, or state
11 taxes; and

12 (2) Receives less than one percent of its annual revenue from appropriated funds from the
13 municipality in which such hospital is located.

14 167.638. The department of health and senior services shall develop an informational
15 brochure relating to meningococcal disease that states that [an immunization] immunizations against
16 meningococcal disease [is] are available. The department shall make the brochure available on its
17 website and shall notify every public institution of higher education in this state of the availability
18 of the brochure. Each public institution of higher education shall provide a copy of the brochure to
19 all students and if the student is under eighteen years of age, to the student's parent or guardian.
20 Such information in the brochure shall include:

21 (1) The risk factors for and symptoms of meningococcal disease, how it may be diagnosed,
22 and its possible consequences if untreated;

23 (2) How meningococcal disease is transmitted;

24 (3) The latest scientific information on meningococcal disease immunization and its
25 effectiveness, including information on all meningococcal vaccines receiving a Category A or B
26 recommendation from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices; [and]

27 (4) A statement that any questions or concerns regarding immunization against
28 meningococcal disease may be answered by contacting the individuals's health care provider; and

29 (5) A recommendation that the current student or entering student receive
30 meningococcal vaccines in accordance with current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
31 of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines.

32 174.335. 1. Beginning with the 2004-05 school year and for each school year thereafter,
33 every public institution of higher education in this state shall require all students who reside in on-
34 campus housing to have received the meningococcal vaccine not more than five years prior to
35 enrollment and in accordance with the latest recommendations of the Advisory Committee on
36 Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, unless a signed

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1 statement of medical or religious exemption is on file with the institution's administration. A
 2 student shall be exempted from the immunization requirement of this section upon signed
 3 certification by a physician licensed under chapter 334 indicating that either the immunization
 4 would seriously endanger the student's health or life or the student has documentation of the disease
 5 or laboratory evidence of immunity to the disease. A student shall be exempted from the
 6 immunization requirement of this section if he or she objects in writing to the institution's
 7 administration that immunization violates his or her religious beliefs.

8 2. Each public university or college in this state shall maintain records on the
 9 meningococcal vaccination status of every student residing in on-campus housing at the university
 10 or college.

11 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring any institution of higher education
 12 to provide or pay for vaccinations against meningococcal disease.

13 4. For purposes of this section, the term "on-campus housing" shall include, but not
 14 be limited to, any fraternity or sorority residence, regardless of whether such residence is privately
 15 owned, on or near the campus of a public institution of higher education.""; and

16
 17 Further amend said bill, Page 2, Section 197.170, Line 53, by inserting after all of said section and
 18 line the following:

19
 20 "197.315. 1. Any person who proposes to develop or offer a new institutional health service
 21 within the state must obtain a certificate of need from the committee prior to the time such services
 22 are offered.

23 2. Only those new institutional health services which are found by the committee to be
 24 needed shall be granted a certificate of need. Only those new institutional health services which are
 25 granted certificates of need shall be offered or developed within the state. No expenditures for new
 26 institutional health services in excess of the applicable expenditure minimum shall be made by any
 27 person unless a certificate of need has been granted.

28 3. After October 1, 1980, no state agency charged by statute to license or certify health care
 29 facilities shall issue a license to or certify any such facility, or distinct part of such facility, that is
 30 developed without obtaining a certificate of need.

31 4. If any person proposes to develop any new institutional health care service without a
 32 certificate of need as required by sections 197.300 to 197.366, the committee shall notify the
 33 attorney general, and he shall apply for an injunction or other appropriate legal action in any court
 34 of this state against that person.

35 5. After October 1, 1980, no agency of state government may appropriate or grant funds to
 36 or make payment of any funds to any person or health care facility which has not first obtained
 37 every certificate of need required pursuant to sections 197.300 to 197.366.

38 6. A certificate of need shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in the
 39 application and is not transferable except by consent of the committee.

40 7. Project cost increases, due to changes in the project application as approved or due to
 41 project change orders, exceeding the initial estimate by more than ten percent shall not be incurred
 42 without consent of the committee.

43 8. Periodic reports to the committee shall be required of any applicant who has been granted
 44 a certificate of need until the project has been completed. The committee may order the forfeiture
 45 of the certificate of need upon failure of the applicant to file any such report.

46 9. A certificate of need shall be subject to forfeiture for failure to incur a capital expenditure
 47 on any approved project within six months after the date of the order. The applicant may request an
 48 extension from the committee of not more than six additional months based upon substantial

1 expenditure made.

2 10. Each application for a certificate of need must be accompanied by an application fee.
3 The time of filing commences with the receipt of the application and the application fee. The
4 application fee is one thousand dollars, or one-tenth of one percent of the total cost of the proposed
5 project, whichever is greater. All application fees shall be deposited in the state treasury. Because
6 of the loss of federal funds, the general assembly will appropriate funds to the Missouri health
7 facilities review committee.

8 11. In determining whether a certificate of need should be granted, no consideration shall be
9 given to the facilities or equipment of any other health care facility located more than a fifteen-mile
10 radius from the applying facility.

11 12. When a nursing facility shifts from a skilled to an intermediate level of nursing care, it
12 may return to the higher level of care if it meets the licensure requirements, without obtaining a
13 certificate of need.

14 13. In no event shall a certificate of need be denied because the applicant refuses to provide
15 abortion services or information.

16 14. A certificate of need shall not be required for the transfer of ownership of an existing
17 and operational health facility in its entirety.

18 15. A certificate of need may be granted to a facility for an expansion, an addition of
19 services, a new institutional service, or for a new hospital facility which provides for something less
20 than that which was sought in the application.

21 16. The provisions of this section shall not apply to facilities operated by the state, and
22 appropriation of funds to such facilities by the general assembly shall be deemed in compliance with
23 this section, and such facilities shall be deemed to have received an appropriate certificate of need
24 without payment of any fee or charge. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to hospitals
25 operated by the state and licensed under chapter 197, except for department of mental health state-
26 operated psychiatric hospitals.

27 17. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a certificate of need may be issued
28 after July 1, 1983, for an intermediate care facility operated exclusively for the intellectually
29 disabled.

30 18. To assure the safe, appropriate, and cost-effective transfer of new medical technology
31 throughout the state, a certificate of need shall not be required for the purchase and operation of:

32 (1) Research equipment that is to be used in a clinical trial that has received written
33 approval from a duly constituted institutional review board of an accredited school of medicine or
34 osteopathy located in Missouri to establish its safety and efficacy and does not increase the bed
35 complement of the institution in which the equipment is to be located. After the clinical trial has
36 been completed, a certificate of need must be obtained for continued use in such facility; or

37 (2) Equipment that is to be used by an academic health center operated by the state in
38 furtherance of its research or teaching missions.

39 198.054. Each year between October first and March first, all long-term care facilities
40 licensed under this chapter shall assist their health care workers, volunteers, and other employees
41 who have direct contact with residents in obtaining the vaccination for the influenza virus by either
42 offering the vaccination in the facility or providing information as to how they may independently
43 obtain the vaccination, unless contraindicated, in accordance with the latest recommendations of the
44 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and subject to availability of the vaccine. Facilities are
45 encouraged to document that each health care worker, volunteer, and employee has been offered
46 assistance in receiving a vaccination against the influenza virus and has either accepted or
47 declined."; and
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1 Further amend said bill, Page 4, Section 208.800, Line 3, by inserting after all of said section and
2 line the following:

3
4 "338.200. 1. In the event a pharmacist is unable to obtain refill authorization from the
5 prescriber due to death, incapacity, or when the pharmacist is unable to obtain refill authorization
6 from the prescriber, a pharmacist may dispense an emergency supply of medication if:

7 (1) In the pharmacist's professional judgment, interruption of therapy might reasonably
8 produce undesirable health consequences;

9 (2) The pharmacy previously dispensed or refilled a prescription from the applicable
10 prescriber for the same patient and medication;

11 (3) The medication dispensed is not a controlled substance;

12 (4) The pharmacist informs the patient or the patient's agent either verbally, electronically,
13 or in writing at the time of dispensing that authorization of a prescriber is required for future refills;
14 and

15 (5) The pharmacist documents the emergency dispensing in the patient's prescription record,
16 as provided by the board by rule.

17 2. (1) If the pharmacist is unable to obtain refill authorization from the prescriber, the
18 amount dispensed shall be limited to the amount determined by the pharmacist within his or her
19 professional judgment as needed for the emergency period, provided the amount dispensed shall not
20 exceed a seven-day supply.

21 (2) In the event of prescriber death or incapacity or inability of the prescriber to provide
22 medical services, the amount dispensed shall not exceed a thirty-day supply.

23 3. Pharmacists or permit holders dispensing an emergency supply pursuant to this section
24 shall promptly notify the prescriber or the prescriber's office of the emergency dispensing, as
25 required by the board by rule.

26 4. An emergency supply may not be dispensed pursuant to this section if the pharmacist has
27 knowledge that the prescriber has otherwise prohibited or restricted emergency dispensing for the
28 applicable patient.

29 5. The determination to dispense an emergency supply of medication under this section shall
30 only be made by a pharmacist licensed by the board.

31 6. The board shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.
32 Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the
33 authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to
34 all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter
35 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter
36 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held
37 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after
38 August 28, 2013, shall be invalid and void.

39 338.202. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless the prescriber has specified
40 on the prescription that dispensing a prescription for a maintenance medication in an initial amount
41 followed by periodic refills is medically necessary, a pharmacist may exercise his or her
42 professional judgment to dispense varying quantities of maintenance medication per fill up to the
43 total number of dosage units as authorized by the prescriber on the original prescription, including
44 any refills. Dispensing of the maintenance medication based on refills authorized by the physician
45 on the prescription shall be limited to no more than a ninety-day supply of the medication, and the
46 maintenance medication shall have been previously prescribed to the patient for at least a three-
47 month period.

48 2. For the purposes of this section "maintenance medication" is a medication prescribed for

1 chronic, long-term conditions and is taken on a regular, recurring basis, except that it shall not
2 include controlled substances as defined in section 195.010.

3 376.379. 1. A health carrier or managed care plan offering a health benefit plan in
4 this state that provides prescription drug coverage shall offer, as part of the plan, medication
5 synchronization services developed by the health carrier or managed care plan that allow for the
6 alignment of refill dates for an enrollee's prescription drugs that are covered benefits.

7 2. Under its medication synchronization services, a health carrier or managed care plan
8 shall:

9 (1) Not charge an amount in excess of the otherwise applicable co-payment amount under
10 the health benefit plan for dispensing a prescription drug in a quantity that is less than the prescribed
11 amount if:

12 (a) The pharmacy dispenses the prescription drug in accordance with the medication
13 synchronization services offered under the health benefit plan; and

14 (b) A participating provider dispenses the prescription drug; and

15 (2) Provide a full dispensing fee to the pharmacy that dispenses the prescription drug to the
16 covered person.

17 3. For purposes of this section, the terms "health carrier", "managed care plan", "health
18 benefit plan", "enrollee", and "participating provider" shall have the same meanings given to such
19 terms under section 376.1350.

20 376.388. 1. As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise, the following
21 terms shall mean:

22 (1) "Contracted pharmacy" or "pharmacy", a pharmacy located in Missouri participating in
23 the network of a pharmacy benefits manager through a direct or indirect contract;

24 (2) "Health carrier", an entity subject to the insurance laws and regulations of this state that
25 contracts or offers to contract to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs
26 of health care services, including a sickness and accident insurance company, a health maintenance
27 organization, a nonprofit hospital and health service corporation, or any other entity providing a
28 plan of health insurance, health benefits, or health services, except that such plan shall not include
29 any coverage pursuant to a liability insurance policy, workers' compensation insurance policy, or
30 medical payments insurance issued as a supplement to a liability policy;

31 (3) "Maximum allowable cost", the per unit amount that a pharmacy benefits manager
32 reimburses a pharmacist for a prescription drug, excluding a dispensing or professional fee;

33 (4) "Maximum allowable cost list" or "MAC list", a listing of drug products that meet the
34 standard described in this section;

35 (5) "Pharmacy", as such term is defined in chapter 338;

36 (6) "Pharmacy benefits manager", an entity that contracts with pharmacies on behalf of
37 health carriers or any health plan sponsored by the state or a political subdivision of the state.

38 2. Upon each contract execution or renewal between a pharmacy benefits manager and a
39 pharmacy or between a pharmacy benefits manager and a pharmacy's contracting representative or
40 agent, such as a pharmacy services administrative organization, a pharmacy benefits manager shall,
41 with respect to such contract or renewal:

42 (1) Include in such contract or renewal the sources utilized to determine maximum
43 allowable cost and update such pricing information at least every seven days; and

44 (2) Maintain a procedure to eliminate products from the maximum allowable cost list of
45 drugs subject to such pricing or modify maximum allowable cost pricing at least every seven days,
46 if such drugs do not meet the standards and requirements of this section, in order to remain
47 consistent with pricing changes in the marketplace.

48 3. A pharmacy benefits manager shall reimburse pharmacies for drugs subject to maximum

1 allowable cost pricing that has been updated to reflect market pricing at least every seven days as set
2 forth under subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section.

3 4. A pharmacy benefits manager shall not place a drug on a maximum allowable cost list
4 unless there are at least two therapeutically equivalent multisource generic drugs, or at least one
5 generic drug available from at least one manufacturer, generally available for purchase by network
6 pharmacies from national or regional wholesalers.

7 5. All contracts between a pharmacy benefits manager and a contracted pharmacy or
8 between a pharmacy benefits manager and a pharmacy's contracting representative or agent, such as
9 a pharmacy services administrative organization, shall include a process to internally appeal,
10 investigate, and resolve disputes regarding maximum allowable cost pricing. The process shall
11 include the following:

12 (1) The right to appeal shall be limited to fourteen calendar days following the
13 reimbursement of the initial claim; and

14 (2) A requirement that the pharmacy benefits manager shall respond to an appeal described
15 in this subsection no later than fourteen calendar days after the date the appeal was received by such
16 pharmacy benefits manager.

17 6. For appeals that are denied, the pharmacy benefits manager shall provide the reason for
18 the denial and identify the national drug code of a drug product that may be purchased by contracted
19 pharmacies at a price at or below the maximum allowable cost and, when applicable, may be
20 substituted lawfully.

21 7. If the appeal is successful, the pharmacy benefits manager shall:

22 (1) Adjust the maximum allowable cost price that is the subject of the appeal effective on
23 the day after the date the appeal is decided;

24 (2) Apply the adjusted maximum allowable cost price to all similarly situated pharmacies as
25 determined by the pharmacy benefits manager; and

26 (3) Allow the pharmacy that succeeded in the appeal to reverse and rebill the pharmacy
27 benefits claim giving rise to the appeal.

28 8. Appeals shall be upheld if:

29 (1) The pharmacy being reimbursed for the drug subject to the maximum allowable cost
30 pricing in question was not reimbursed as required under subsection 3 of this section; or

31 (2) The drug subject to the maximum allowable cost pricing in question does not meet the
32 requirements set forth under subsection 4 of this section.

33 376.1237. 1. Each health carrier or health benefit plan that offers or issues health
34 benefit plans which are delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after
35 January 1, 2014, and that provides coverage for prescription eye drops shall provide coverage for
36 the refilling of an eye drop prescription prior to the last day of the prescribed dosage period without
37 regard to a coverage restriction for early refill of prescription renewals as long as the prescribing
38 health care provider authorizes such early refill, and the health carrier or the health benefit plan is
39 notified.

40 2. For the purposes of this section, health carrier and health benefit plan shall have the same
41 meaning as defined in section 376.1350.

42 3. The coverage required by this section shall not be subject to any greater deductible or co-
43 payment than other similar health care services provided by the health benefit plan.

44 4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a supplemental insurance policy,
45 including a life care contract, accident-only policy, specified disease policy, hospital policy
46 providing a fixed daily benefit only, Medicare supplement policy, long-term care policy, short-term
47 major medical policies of six months' or less duration, or any other supplemental policy as
48 determined by the director of the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional

1 registration.

2 5. The provisions of this section shall terminate on January 1, [2017] 2020.

3 Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to preserve access to quality health care
4 facilities for the citizens of Missouri, the repeal and reenactment of section 197.315 of section A of
5 this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and
6 safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the
7 repeal and reenactment of section 197.315 of section A of this act shall be in full force and effect
8 upon its passage and approval."; and

9

10 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references
11 accordingly.