



General Assembly

January Session, 2013

## Amendment

LCO No. 7455

**\*SB0080207455SD0\***

Offered by:

SEN. WILLIAMS, 29<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
SEN. MCKINNEY, 28<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
SEN. BYE, 5<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
SEN. GERRATANA, 6<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
SEN. OSTEN, 19<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
SEN. BARTOLOMEO, 13<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
SEN. WELCH, 31<sup>st</sup> Dist.  
REP. MILLER, 36<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
REP. LOPES, 24<sup>th</sup> Dist.

REP. URBAN, 43<sup>rd</sup> Dist.  
REP. VARGAS, 6<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
REP. DEMICCO, 21<sup>st</sup> Dist.  
REP. FAWCETT, 133<sup>rd</sup> Dist.  
REP. HAMPTON, 16<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
REP. TERCYAK, 26<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
REP. ARCONTI, 109<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
REP. MARONEY, 119<sup>th</sup> Dist.  
REP. ZONI, 81<sup>st</sup> Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 802

File No. 604

Cal. No. 134

### **"AN ACT CONCERNING CONNECTICUT'S EGG STATUTES."**

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the  
2 following in lieu thereof:

3 "Section 1. Section 21a-92 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
4 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

5 For the purposes of this chapter, [and] section 21a-65, sections 2 and  
6 3 of this act, and section 21a-102, as amended by this act, the following  
7 terms shall have the meanings hereinafter specified:

8 (1) "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any

9 manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the purpose of  
10 inducing, or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the  
11 purchase of food, drugs, devices or cosmetics;

12 (2) (A) "Color additive" means a material which (i) is a dye, pigment  
13 or other substance made by a process of synthesis or similar artifice, or  
14 extracted, isolated or otherwise derived, with or without intermediate  
15 or final change of identity, from a vegetable, animal, mineral or other  
16 source, and (ii) when added or applied to a food, drug or cosmetic, or  
17 to the human body or any of its parts, is capable, alone or through  
18 reaction with other substance, of imparting color thereto, except that  
19 the term "color additive" does not include any material exempted by  
20 regulation under the federal act, or which the commissioner, by  
21 regulation, determines is used, or intended to be used, solely for a  
22 purpose or purposes other than coloring; (B) the term "color" includes  
23 black, white and intermediate grays, as well as all other colors; (C)  
24 nothing in subparagraph (A) of this subdivision shall be construed to  
25 apply to any pesticide chemical, soil or plant nutrient, or other  
26 agricultural chemical used, or intended to be used, solely because of its  
27 effect in aiding, retarding or otherwise affecting, directly or indirectly,  
28 the growth or other natural physiological processes of produce of the  
29 soil which thereby affects its color, whether before or after harvest;

30 (3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Consumer  
31 Protection;

32 (4) "Contaminated with filth" applies to any food, drug, device or  
33 cosmetic not securely protected from dust or dirt, and as far as may be  
34 necessary, by all reasonable means, from all foreign or injurious  
35 contaminations;

36 (5) "Cosmetic" means (A) articles intended to be rubbed, poured,  
37 sprinkled or sprayed on, introduced into, or otherwise applied to the  
38 human body or any of its parts for cleansing, beautifying, promoting  
39 attractiveness or altering the appearance, and (B) articles intended for  
40 use as a component of any such articles; except that such term shall not

41 include soap;

42 (6) "Device", except when used in subdivision (15) of this section  
43 and in subsection (i) of section 21a-93, [subsection (f)] subdivision (6)  
44 of subsection (a) of section 21a-102, as amended by this act, subsection  
45 (c) of section 21a-106 and subsection (c) of section 21a-112, means  
46 instruments, apparatus and contrivances, including their components,  
47 parts and accessories, intended (A) for use in the diagnosis, cure,  
48 mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in [man] humans or  
49 other animals, or (B) to affect the structure or any function of the body  
50 of [man] humans or other animals;

51 (7) "Director" means the director of the agricultural experiment  
52 station;

53 (8) "Drug" means (A) articles recognized in the official United States  
54 Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United  
55 States or official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of  
56 them; (B) articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,  
57 treatment or prevention of disease in [man] humans or other animals;  
58 (C) articles, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any  
59 function of the body of [man] humans or any other animal; and (D)  
60 articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified in this  
61 subdivision; but shall not include devices or their components, parts or  
62 accessories;

63 (9) "Federal act" means the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, as  
64 amended, Title 21 USC 301 et seq.: 52 Stat. 1040 et seq.;

65 (10) "Food" means (A) articles used for food or drink for [man]  
66 humans or other animals, [and] (B) chewing gum, (C) infant formula,  
67 and [(C)] (D) articles used for components of any such article;

68 (11) "Food additive" means any substance the intended use of which  
69 results or reasonably may be expected to result, directly or indirectly,  
70 in its becoming a component or otherwise affecting the characteristics  
71 of any food, including any substance intended for use in producing,

72 manufacturing, packing, processing, preparing, treating, packaging,  
73 transporting or holding food; and including any source of radiation  
74 intended for any such use, if such substance is not generally  
75 recognized, among experts qualified by scientific training and  
76 experience to evaluate its safety, as having been adequately shown  
77 through scientific procedures or, in the case of a substance used in  
78 food prior to January 1, 1958, through either scientific procedures or  
79 experience based on common use in food, to be safe under the  
80 conditions of its intended use; except that such term does not include  
81 (A) a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity; or (B) a  
82 pesticide chemical to the extent that it is intended for use or is used in  
83 the production, storage or transportation of any raw agricultural  
84 commodity; or (C) a color additive; or (D) any substance used in  
85 accordance with a sanction or approval granted prior to June 12, 1963,  
86 or the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, the Poultry Products  
87 Inspection Act (21 USC 451 et seq.) or the Meat Inspection Act of  
88 March 4, 1907, as amended;

89 (12) "Immediate container" shall not include package liners;

90 (13) "Infant formula" means a milk-based or soy-based powder,  
91 concentrated liquid or ready-to-feed substitute for human breast milk  
92 that is intended for infant consumption and is commercially available;

93 [(13)] (14) "Intrastate commerce" means any and all commerce  
94 within the state of Connecticut and subject to its jurisdiction, and shall  
95 include the operation of any business or service establishment;

96 [(14)] (15) "Label" means a display of written, printed or graphic  
97 matter upon the immediate container of any article, provided a  
98 requirement made by or under authority of this chapter that any  
99 information or other word or statement appear on the label shall not be  
100 considered to be complied with unless such information or other word  
101 or statement also appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any,  
102 of the retail package of such article, or is easily legible through the  
103 outside container or wrapper;

104 [(15)] (16) "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed or  
105 graphic matter (A) upon any article or any of its containers or  
106 wrappers, or (B) accompanying such article; provided, if an article is  
107 alleged to be misbranded because the labeling is misleading, or if an  
108 advertisement is alleged to be false because it is misleading, then, in  
109 determining whether the labeling or advertisement is misleading, there  
110 shall be taken into account, among other things, not only  
111 representations made or suggested by statement, word, design, device  
112 or sound, or any combination thereof, but also the extent to which the  
113 labeling or advertisement fails to reveal facts material in the light of  
114 such representations or material with respect to consequences which  
115 may result from the use of the article to which the labeling or  
116 advertisement relates under the conditions of use prescribed in the  
117 labeling or advertisement thereof or under such conditions of use as  
118 are customary or usual, and provided the representation of a drug, in  
119 its labeling or advertisement, as an antiseptic shall be considered to be  
120 a representation that it is a germicide, except in the case of a drug  
121 purporting to be, or represented as, an antiseptic for inhibitory use as a  
122 wet dressing, ointment or dusting powder or for such other use as  
123 involves prolonged contact with the body;

124 [(16)] (17) "Natural food" means food (A) which has not been treated  
125 with preservatives, antibiotics, synthetic additives, artificial flavoring  
126 or artificial coloring; [and] (B) which has not been processed in a  
127 manner that makes such food significantly less nutritive; and (C)  
128 which has not been genetically-engineered, as defined in section 2 of  
129 this act. Processing of food by extracting, purifying, heating,  
130 fermenting, concentrating, dehydrating, cooling or freezing shall not,  
131 of itself, prevent the designation of such food as "natural food";

132 [(17)] (18) "New drug" means (A) any drug the composition of  
133 which is such that such drug is not generally recognized, among  
134 experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the  
135 safety and effectiveness of drugs, as safe and effective for use under  
136 the conditions prescribed, recommended or suggested in its labeling or  
137 (B) any drug the composition of which is such that such drug, as a

138 result of investigation to determine its safety and effectiveness for use  
139 under such conditions, has become so recognized, but which has not,  
140 otherwise than in such investigations, been used to a material extent or  
141 for a material time under such conditions, except that the provisions of  
142 this subsection pertaining to "effectiveness" shall not apply to any drug  
143 which (i) was commercially sold or used in the United States on  
144 October 9, 1962, (ii) was not a new drug as defined by this subsection  
145 prior to the enactment of these provisions, and (iii) was not covered by  
146 an effective application under section 21a-110 or under Section 355 of  
147 the federal act, when such drug is intended solely for use under  
148 conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in labeling with  
149 respect to such drug on whichever of the above dates is applicable;

150 [(18)] (19) "Official compendium" means the official United States  
151 Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United  
152 States, official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them;

153 [(19)] (20) "Organically grown" means produced through organic  
154 farming methods, which involve a system of ecological soil  
155 management and mechanical or biological methods to control insects,  
156 weeds, pathogens and other pests and which rely on crop rotation,  
157 crop residues, composted animal manures, legumes, green manures,  
158 composted organic waste or mineral-bearing rocks;

159 [(20)] (21) "Person" includes any individual, partnership,  
160 corporation, limited liability company or association;

161 [(21)] (22) "Pesticide chemical" means any substance which, alone, in  
162 chemical combination or in formulation with one or more other  
163 substances is an "economic poison" within the meaning of the federal  
164 Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, 7 USC 135-135k, and  
165 which is used in the production, storage or transportation of raw  
166 agricultural commodities;

167 [(22)] (23) "Raw agricultural commodity" means any food in its raw  
168 or natural state, including all fruits that are washed, colored or  
169 otherwise treated in their unpeeled natural form prior to marketing;

170 [(23)] (24) The term "safe" has reference to the health of [man]  
171 human or animal;

172 [(24)] (25) "Sale" means any and every sale and includes (A)  
173 manufacture, processing, packing, canning, bottling or any other  
174 production, preparation or putting up; (B) exposure, offer or any other  
175 proffer; (C) holding, storing or any other possessing; (D) dispensing,  
176 giving, delivering, serving or any other supplying; and (E) applying,  
177 administering or any other using.

178 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2013*) For purposes of this section,  
179 section 3 of this act, section 21a-102 of the general statutes, as amended  
180 by this act, and section 5 of this act:

181 (1) "Enzyme" means a protein that catalyzes chemical reactions of  
182 other substances without being destroyed or altered upon completion  
183 of such reactions;

184 (2) "Genetically-engineered" or "genetic engineering" means a  
185 process whereby any food intended for human consumption or any  
186 seed or seed stock that is intended to produce food for human  
187 consumption (A) is produced from an organism or organisms in which  
188 the genetics are materially altered through the application of: (i) In  
189 vitro nucleic acid techniques, including recombinant DNA  
190 (deoxyribonucleic acid) techniques, the direct injection of nucleic acid  
191 into cells or organelles, encapsulation, gene deletion and doubling, or  
192 (ii) fusion of cells that do not fall within the same taxonomic family,  
193 that overcome natural physiological reproductive or recombinant  
194 barriers and that are not techniques used in traditional breeding and  
195 selection such as conjugation, transduction and hybridization; (B) is  
196 treated with a material described in subparagraph (A) of this  
197 subdivision for purposes that include, but are not limited to, increasing  
198 a raw agricultural commodity's resistance to herbicides and pesticides;  
199 or (C) contains an ingredient, component or substance described in  
200 subparagraph (A) of this subdivision;

201 (3) "In vitro nucleic acid techniques" means techniques, including,

202 but not limited to, recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid techniques, that  
203 use vector systems and techniques involving the direct introduction  
204 into organisms of hereditary materials prepared outside the organisms  
205 such as microinjection, macroinjection, chemoporation,  
206 electroporation, microencapsulation and liposome fusion;

207 (4) "Organism" means any biological entity capable of replication,  
208 reproduction or transferring genetic material;

209 (5) "Processed food" means any food intended for human  
210 consumption other than a raw agricultural commodity and includes  
211 any such food produced from a raw agricultural commodity that has  
212 been processed through canning, smoking, pressing, cooking, freezing,  
213 dehydration, fermentation or milling;

214 (6) "Processing aid" means: (A) Any substance that is added to a  
215 food intended for human consumption during the processing of such  
216 food but that is removed in some manner from the food before the  
217 food is packaged in a finished form; (B) any substance that is added to  
218 such food during processing, that is converted into constituents  
219 normally present in the food, and that does not significantly increase  
220 the amount of the constituents naturally found in the food; or (C) any  
221 substance that is added to such food for its technical or functional  
222 effect in the processing but that is present in the finished food at  
223 insignificant levels and that does not have any technical or functional  
224 effect in the finished food;

225 (7) "Retailer" means a person or entity that engages in the sale of  
226 food intended for human consumption to a consumer;

227 (8) "Distributor" means a person or entity that sells, supplies,  
228 furnishes or transports food intended for human consumption in this  
229 state that such person or entity does not produce; and

230 (9) "Manufacturer" means a person who produces food intended for  
231 human consumption or seed or seed stock that is intended to produce  
232 food for human consumption and sells such item to a retailer or

233 distributor.

234 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2013*) (a) On and after July 1, 2016,  
235 or on and after July 1, 2015, if a mandatory labeling law for foods made  
236 with the process of genetic engineering is adopted before July 1, 2015,  
237 by any three of the following states: (1) Maine; (2) New Hampshire; (3)  
238 Vermont; (4) Massachusetts; (5) Rhode Island; (6) New York; (7)  
239 Pennsylvania; or (8) New Jersey, no person shall sell, offer for sale or  
240 distribute in this state any (A) food intended for human consumption,  
241 or (B) seed or seed stock that is intended to produce food for human  
242 consumption that is entirely or partially genetically-engineered, except  
243 a processed food subject to the provisions of this section solely because  
244 one or more processing aids or enzymes were produced or derived  
245 from genetic engineering, unless such food, seed or seed stock is  
246 labeled as follows: (i) In the case of such wholesale food that is not  
247 intended for retail sale, on the bill of sale accompanying such food  
248 during shipping, with the clear and conspicuous words: "Produced  
249 with Genetic Engineering"; (ii) in the case of such food for retail sale  
250 contained in a package, with the clear and conspicuous words:  
251 "Produced with Genetic Engineering"; (iii) in the case of such food that  
252 is a raw agricultural commodity, on the package offered for retail sale  
253 or, in the case of any such commodity that is not separately packaged  
254 or labeled, on the retail store shelf or bin that holds such commodity  
255 displayed for sale with the clear and conspicuous words: "Produced  
256 with Genetic Engineering"; and (iv) in the case of any such seed or seed  
257 stock, on the container holding the seed or seed stock displayed for  
258 sale or any label identifying ownership or possession of the  
259 commodity with the clear and conspicuous words: "Produced with  
260 Genetic Engineering". Such food labeling shall be displayed in the  
261 same size and font as the ingredients in the nutritional facts panel on  
262 the food label.

263 (b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply  
264 to any of the following:

265 (1) Alcoholic beverages;

266 (2) Food intended for human consumption that is not packaged for  
267 retail sale and that either: (A) Is a processed food prepared and  
268 intended for immediate consumption, or (B) is served, sold or  
269 otherwise provided in any restaurant or other food facility that is  
270 primarily engaged in the sale of food prepared and intended for  
271 immediate consumption; and

272 (3) Farm products that are sold by a farmer or the farmer's agent to a  
273 consumer at a pick-your-own farm, roadside stand, on-farm market or  
274 farmers' market.

275 (c) Any person selling, offering for sale or distributing in this state  
276 any food, seed or seed stock required to be labeled as provided in this  
277 section shall be responsible for ensuring that such food, seed or seed  
278 stock is so labeled.

279 (d) The provisions of this section shall be enforced, within available  
280 appropriations, by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection.

281 (e) Any person found to knowingly violate this section shall be  
282 liable for a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars per day,  
283 per product. Calculation of such civil penalty shall not be made or  
284 multiplied by the number of individual packages of the same product  
285 displayed or offered for retail sale. Civil penalties assessed under this  
286 section shall accrue and be assessed per each uniquely named,  
287 designated or marketed product.

288 (f) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may adopt  
289 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the  
290 general statutes, to implement and enforce the provisions of this  
291 section.

292 Sec. 4. Section 21a-102 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
293 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

294 (a) A food shall be deemed to be misbranded: [(a)] (1) If its labeling  
295 is false or misleading in any particular. A statement on the label or

296 labeling either directly or indirectly implying that the product is  
297 recommended or endorsed by any agency of the federal or state  
298 government shall be considered misleading, unless the agency  
299 concerned has approved the statement prior to its use; [(b)] (2) if it is  
300 offered for sale under the name of another food; [(c)] (3) if it is an  
301 imitation of another food, unless its label bears, in type of uniform size  
302 and prominence, the word "imitation" and, immediately thereafter, the  
303 name of the food imitated; [(d)] (4) if its container is so made, formed  
304 or filled as to be misleading; [(e)] (5) if in package form, unless it bears  
305 a label containing [(1)] (A) the name and place of business of the  
306 manufacturer, packer or distributor; and [(2)] (B) an accurate statement  
307 of the quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure or  
308 numerical count; provided, under [subdivision (2) of this subsection]  
309 this subparagraph, reasonable variations shall be permitted, and  
310 exemptions as to small packages shall be established by regulations  
311 promulgated by the commissioner and director, acting jointly; [(f)] (6)  
312 if any information or other word or statement, required by or under  
313 authority of this chapter to appear on the label or labeling, is not  
314 prominently placed thereon with such conspicuousness, as compared  
315 with other words, statements, designs or devices, in the labeling, and  
316 in such terms, as to render it likely to be read and understood by the  
317 ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use;  
318 [(g)] (7) if it purports to be or simulates or is represented as a food for  
319 which a definition and standard of identity has been prescribed by  
320 regulations as provided by section 21a-100, unless [(1)] (A) it conforms  
321 to such definition and standard, and [(2)] (B) its label bears the name of  
322 the food specified in the definition and standard, and, so far as may be  
323 required by such regulations, the common names of optional  
324 ingredients, other than spices, flavoring and coloring, present in such  
325 food; [(h)] (8) if it purports to be or is represented as [(1)] (A) a food for  
326 which a standard of quality has been prescribed by regulations as  
327 provided by section 21a-100 and its quality falls below such standard,  
328 unless its label bears, in such manner and form as such regulations  
329 specify, a statement that it falls below such standard; [or (2)] (B) a food  
330 for which a standard or standards of fill of container have been

331 prescribed by regulations as provided by section 21a-100, and it falls  
332 below the standard of fill of container applicable thereto, unless its  
333 label bears, in such manner and form as such regulations specify, a  
334 statement that it falls below such standard; [(3)] or (C) a food for which  
335 no definition and standard of identity and no standard of quality has  
336 been prescribed by regulations as provided by section 21a-100, and it  
337 falls below the standard of purity, quality or strength which it  
338 purports or is represented to possess; [(i)] (9) if it is not subject to the  
339 provisions of [subsection (g)] subdivision (7) of this [section]  
340 subsection, unless its label bears [(1)] (A) the common or usual name of  
341 the food, if any, and [(2)] (B) if it is fabricated from two or more  
342 ingredients, the common or usual name of each such ingredient; except  
343 that spices, flavorings and colorings, other than those sold as such,  
344 may be designated as spices, flavorings and colorings without naming  
345 each; provided, to the extent that compliance with the requirements of  
346 [subdivision (2) of this subsection] this subparagraph is impracticable,  
347 or results in deception or unfair competition, exemptions shall be  
348 established by regulations promulgated by the commissioner and  
349 director, acting jointly; [(j)] (10) if it purports to be or is represented to  
350 be for special dietary uses, unless its label bears such information  
351 concerning its vitamin, mineral and other dietary properties as is  
352 necessary in order fully to inform purchasers as to its value for such  
353 uses, as provided by regulations promulgated by the commissioner  
354 and director, acting jointly; [(k)] (11) if it bears or contains any artificial  
355 flavoring, artificial coloring, artificial sweetening or chemical  
356 preservative, unless it bears labeling stating that fact; provided, to the  
357 extent that compliance with the requirements of this subsection is  
358 impracticable, exemptions shall be established by regulations  
359 promulgated by the commissioner and director, acting jointly; (12) if it  
360 is intended for human consumption and genetically-engineered, as  
361 defined in section 2 of this act, and does not bear labeling as required  
362 in accordance with section 3 of this act, unless (A) it is a food intended  
363 for human consumption produced without the producer's knowledge  
364 that a seed or other component of such food was genetically-  
365 engineered, or (B) on or before July 1, 2019, it is a processed food, as

366 defined in section 2 of this act, that is subject to the provisions of  
 367 section 3 of this act, solely because it contains one or more materials  
 368 that have been produced with genetic engineering, as defined in  
 369 section 2 of this act, provided such genetically-engineered materials do  
 370 not, in the aggregate, account for more than nine-tenths of one per cent  
 371 of the total weight of the processed food.

372 (b) Seed or seed stock that is intended to produce food for human  
 373 consumption shall be deemed misbranded if it is genetically-  
 374 engineered, as defined in section 2 of this act, and does not bear  
 375 labeling as required in accordance with section 3 of this act.

376 Sec. 5. Section 21a-99 of the general statutes is repealed and the  
 377 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2013*):

378 All such proceedings for the enforcement, or to restrain violations,  
 379 of this chapter and section 3 of this act shall be by and in the name of  
 380 the state of Connecticut."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2013</i>	21a-92
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2013</i>	New section
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2013</i>	New section
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2013</i>	21a-102
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2013</i>	21a-99