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#### COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AMENDMENTS TO H.B. 2304

(Reference to printed bill)

1 Page 9, line 34, after "VOLUNTARY" insert "OR INVOLUNTARY"

2 Page 10, line 7, after "OCCURS" insert "AS PRESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION"

Page 11, between lines 19 and 20, insert:

"Sec. 8. Section 16-502, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 16-502. Form and contents of ballot

A. Ballots shall be printed with black ink on white paper of sufficient thickness to prevent the printing thereon from being discernible from the back, and the same type shall be used for the names of all candidates. The ballots shall be headed "official ballot" in bold-faced plain letters, with a heavy rule above and below the heading. Immediately below shall be placed the words "type of election, (date of election)" and the name of the county and state in which the election is held. The name or number of the precinct in which the election is held shall be placed on the ballot in a uniform location for all ballots. No other matter shall be placed or printed at the head of any ballot, except above the heading there may be a stub that contains the words "stub no. \_\_\_\_\_, register no. \_\_\_\_\_, to be torn off by inspector." The stub shall be separated from the ballot by a perforated line, so that it may be easily detached from the ballot. Instructions to the voter on marking the ballot may be printed below the heading. The official ballots shall be bound together in blocks of not less than five nor more than one hundred.

B. Immediately below the ballot heading shall be placed the following:
"Section One

#### Partisan Ballot

- 1. Put a mark according to the instructions next to the name of each candidate for each partisan office for whom you wish to vote.
- 2. If you wish to vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write such name in the blank space provided on the ballot or write-in envelope and put a mark according to the instructions next to the name so written."

- C. Immediately below the instructions for voting in section one there shall be placed in columns the names of the candidates of the several political parties. Next to each candidate's name there shall be printed in bold-faced letters the name of the political party. At the head of each column shall be printed the names of the offices to be filled with the name of each office being of uniform type size. At the head of each column shall be printed in the following order the names of candidates for:
  - 1. Presidential electors.
  - 2. United States senator.
  - 3. Representatives in Congress.
  - 4. The several state offices.
  - 5. The several county and precinct offices.
- D. The names of candidates for the offices of state senator and state representative along with the district number shall be placed within the heading of each column to the right of the office name for state offices and immediately below the candidates for the office of governor. The number of the supervisorial district of which a candidate is a nominee shall be printed within the heading of each column to the right of the name of the office.
- E. The lists of the candidates of the several parties shall be arranged with the names of the parties in descending order according to the votes cast for governor for that county in the most recent general election for the office of governor, commencing with the left-hand column. In the case of political parties which did not have candidates on the ballot in the last general election, such parties shall be listed in alphabetical order below the parties which did have candidates on the ballot in the last general election. The names of all candidates nominated under section 16-341 shall be placed in a single column below that of the recognized parties. Next to the name of each candidate, in parentheses, shall be printed the designation not to exceed three words in length as A THREE-LETTER ABBREVIATION THAT IS TAKEN FROM THE THREE WORDS prescribed in the candidate's certificate of nomination.
- F. Immediately below the designation of the office to be voted for shall appear the words: "Vote for not more than \_\_\_\_\_\_" (insert the number to be elected).
- G. In each column at the right of the name of each candidate and on the same line there shall be a place for the voter to put a mark. Below the name of the last named candidate for each office there shall be as many blank

lines as there are offices of the same title to be filled, with a place for the voter to put a mark unless write-in envelopes are provided for that purpose. Upon the blank line the voter may write the name of any person for whom he desires to vote whose name is not printed, and next to the name so written he shall designate his choice by a mark as in the case of printed names.

- H. When there are two or more candidates of the same political party for the same office, or more than one candidate for a judicial office, the names of all such candidates shall be so alternated on the ballots used in each election district that the name of each candidate shall appear substantially an equal number of times in each possible location. If there are fewer or the same number of candidates seeking office than the number to be elected, the rotation of names is not required and the names shall be placed in alphabetical order.
- I. Immediately below section one of the ballot shall be placed the following:

### "Section Two Nonpartisan Ballot

- 1. Put a mark according to the instructions next to the name of each candidate for each nonpartisan office for whom you wish to vote.
- 2. If you wish to vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write such name in the blank space provided on the ballot or write-in envelope and put a mark according to the instructions next to the name so written.
- 3. Put a mark according to the instructions next to the word 'yes' (or for) for each proposition or question you wish to be adopted. Put a mark according to the instructions next to the word 'no' (or against) for each proposition or question you wish not to be adopted."
- J. Immediately below the instructions for voting in section two shall be placed the names of the candidates for judges of the superior court standing for election pursuant to article VI, section 12, Constitution of Arizona, school district officials, justice JUSTICES of the supreme court, judges of the court of appeals, judges of the superior court standing for retention or rejection pursuant to article VI, section 38, Constitution of Arizona, and other nonpartisan officials in a column or in columns without

partisan or other designation except the title of office in an order determined by the officer in charge of the election.

- K. Immediately below the offices listed in subsection J of this section, the ballot shall contain a separate heading of any nonpartisan office for a vacant unexpired term and shall include the expiration date of the term of the vacated office.
- L. All proposed constitutional amendments and other propositions or questions to be submitted to the voters shall be printed immediately below the names of candidates for nonpartisan positions in such order as the secretary of state, or if a city or town election, the city or town clerk, designates. Placement of county and local charter amendments, propositions or questions shall be determined by the officer in charge of the election. Except as provided by section 19-125, each proposition or question shall be followed by the words "yes" and "no" or "for \_\_\_\_\_\_" and "against \_\_\_\_\_\_" as the nature of the proposition or question requires, and at the right of and next to each of such words shall be a place for the voter to put a mark according to the instructions that is similar in size to those places appearing opposite the names of the candidates, in which the voter may indicate his vote for or against such proposition or question by a mark as defined in section 16-400.
- M. Instead of printing the official and descriptive titles or the full text of each measure or question on the official ballot, the officer in charge of elections may print phrases on the official ballot that contain all of the following:
- 1. The number of the measure in reverse type and at least twelve point type.
- 2. The designation of the measure as prescribed by section 19-125, subsection C or as a question, proposition or charter amendment, followed by the words "relating to..." and inserting the subject.
- 3. Either the statement prescribed by section 19-125, subsection D that describes the effects of a "yes" vote and a "no" vote or, for other measures, the text of the question or proposition.
- 4. The words "yes" and "no" or "for" and "against", as may be appropriate and a place for the voter to put a mark.
- N. For any ballot printed pursuant to subsection M of this section, the instructions on the official ballot shall direct the voter to the full

text of the official and descriptive titles and the questions and propositions as printed on the sample ballot and posted in the polling place.

Sec. 9. Section 16-515, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 16-515. "Seventy-five foot limit" notices; posting; violation;

#### classification; definitions

- A. Except as prescribed in this section and section 16-580, a person shall not be allowed to remain inside the seventy-five foot limit while the polls are open, except for the purpose of voting, and except the election officials, one representative at any one time of each political party represented on the ballot who has been appointed by the county chairman of that political party and the challengers allowed by law, and no political or electioneering materials may be displayed AND NO ELECTIONEERING MAY OCCUR within the seventy-five foot limit. Voters having cast their ballots shall promptly move outside the seventy-five foot limit.
- B. The board of supervisors shall furnish, with the ballots for each polling place, three notices, printed in letters not less than two inches high, with the heading: "Seventy-five foot limit" and underneath that heading the following:

No person shall be allowed to remain inside these limits while the polls are open, except for the purpose of voting, and except the election officials, one representative at any one time of each political party represented on the ballot who has been appointed by the county chairman of such political party, and the challengers allowed by law. Voters having cast their ballots shall at once retire without the seventy-five foot limit. A person violating any provision of this notice is guilty of a class 2 misdemeanor.

- C. A minor voting in a simulated election at a polling place is subject to the same seventy-five foot limit restrictions prescribed for a voter. Persons supervising or working in a simulated election in which minors vote may remain within the seventy-five foot limit of the polling place. The inspector for the polling place shall exercise authority over all election and simulated election related activities at the polling place.
- D. For an election that is held by an Indian tribe and that is held at a polling place at the same time and on the same date as any other election, the following apply:

- 1 1. A person who is voting is subject to the same seventy-five foot limit restrictions prescribed for other voters.
  - 2. An election official for the tribal election may remain within the seventy-five foot limit for the polling place.
  - E. With the permission of the voter, a minor may enter and remain within the seventy-five foot limit in order to accompany a voter into a polling place, an on-site early voting facility and a voting booth while the voter is voting.
  - F. Any person violating this section is guilty of a class 2 misdemeanor.
    - G. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:
  - 1. "ELECTIONEERING" MEANS A DEMONSTRATION OF EXPRESS SUPPORT FOR OR OPPOSITION TO A CANDIDATE WHO APPEARS ON THE BALLOT IN THAT ELECTION, A BALLOT QUESTION THAT APPEARS ON THE BALLOT IN THAT ELECTION OR A POLITICAL PARTY WITH ONE OR MORE CANDIDATES WHO APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THAT ELECTION, AND INCLUDES ANY USE OF A CANDIDATE'S OR POLITICAL PARTY'S NAME OR A BALLOT MEASURE'S NAME OR NUMERIC DESIGNATION AND ANY VERBAL EXPRESSIONS OF OPPOSITION OR SUPPORT.
  - 2. "ELECTIONEERING MATERIALS" MEANS WRITTEN OR PRINTED MATERIAL OR ITEMS, INCLUDING ARTICLES OF CLOTHING, THAT EXPRESS SUPPORT FOR OR OPPOSITION TO A CANDIDATE WHO APPEARS ON THE BALLOT IN THAT ELECTION, A BALLOT QUESTION THAT APPEARS ON THE BALLOT IN THAT ELECTION OR A POLITICAL PARTY WITH ONE OR MORE CANDIDATES WHO APPEAR ON THE BALLOT IN THAT ELECTION.
    - Sec. 10. Section 16-542, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 16-542. Request for ballot
  - A. Within ninety-three days before any election called pursuant to the laws of this state, an elector may make a verbal or signed request to the county recorder, or other officer in charge of elections for the applicable political subdivision of this state in whose jurisdiction the elector is registered to vote, for an official early ballot. In addition to name and address, the requesting elector shall provide the date of birth and state or country of birth or other information that if compared to the voter registration information on file would confirm the identity of the elector. If the request indicates that the elector needs a primary election ballot and a general election ballot, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall honor the request. For any partisan primary election, if the elector is not registered as a member of a political party that is entitled

to continued representation on the ballot pursuant to section 16-804, the elector shall designate the ballot of only one of the political parties that is entitled to continued representation on the ballot and the elector may receive and vote the ballot of only that one political party. The county recorder may establish on-site early voting locations at the recorder's office, which shall be open and available for use beginning the same day that a county begins to send out the early ballots. The county recorder may also establish any other early voting locations in the county the recorder deems necessary.

- B. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, a request for an official early ballot from an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter as defined in the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting act of 1986 (P.L. 99-410; 42 United States Code section 1973ff-6) or a voter whose information is protected pursuant to section 16-153 that is received by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections more than ninety-three days before the election is valid. If requested by the absent uniformed services or overseas voter, or a voter whose information is protected pursuant to section 16-153, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall provide to the requesting voter early ballot materials through the next two regularly scheduled general elections ELECTION for federal office immediately following receipt of the request UNLESS A DIFFERENT PERIOD OF TIME, WHICH DOES NOT EXCEED THE NEXT TWO REGULARLY SCHEDULED GENERAL ELECTIONS FOR FEDERAL OFFICE, IS DESIGNATED BY THE VOTER.
- C. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall mail the early ballot and the envelope for its return postage prepaid to the address provided by the requesting elector within five days after receipt of the official early ballots from the officer charged by law with the duty of preparing ballots pursuant to section 16-545, except that early ballot distribution shall not begin more than twenty-six days before the election. If an early ballot request is received on or before the thirtieth day before the election, the early ballot shall be distributed on the twenty-sixth day before the election.
- D. Only the elector may be in possession of that elector's unvoted early ballot. If a complete and correct request is made by the elector within twenty-six days before the election, the mailing must be made within forty-eight hours after receipt of the request. Saturdays, Sundays and other legal holidays are excluded from the computation of the forty-eight hour

period prescribed by this subsection. If a complete and correct request is made by an absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter before the election, the regular early ballot shall be transmitted by mail, by fax or by other electronic format approved by the secretary of state within twenty-four hours after the early ballots are delivered pursuant to section 16-545, subsection B, excluding Sundays.

- E. In order to be complete and correct and to receive an early ballot by mail, an elector's request that an early ballot be mailed to the elector's residence or temporary address must include all of the information prescribed by subsection A of this section and must be received by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections no later than 5:00 p.m. on the eleventh day preceding the election. An elector who appears personally no later than 5:00 p.m. on the Friday preceding the election at an on-site early voting location that is established by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall be given a ballot and permitted to vote at the on-site location. If an elector's request to receive an early ballot is not complete and correct but complies with all other requirements of this section, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall attempt to notify the elector of the deficiency of the request.
- F. Unless an elector specifies that the address to which an early ballot is to be sent is a temporary address, the recorder may use the information from an early ballot request form to update voter registration records.
- G. The county recorder or other officer in charge of early balloting shall provide an alphabetized list of all voters in the precinct who have requested and have been sent an early ballot to the election board of the precinct in which the voter is registered not later than the day prior to the election.
- H. As a result of an emergency occurring between 5:00 p.m. on the second Friday preceding the election and 5:00 p.m. on the Monday preceding the election, qualified electors may request to vote early in the manner prescribed by the county recorder of their respective county. For the purposes of this subsection, "emergency" means any unforeseen circumstances that would prevent the elector from voting at the polls.
- I. A candidate or political committee may distribute early ballot request forms to voters. If the early ballot request forms include a printed address for return to an addressee other than a political subdivision, the

addressee shall be the candidate or political committee that paid for the printing and distribution of the request forms. All early ballot request forms that are received by a candidate or political committee shall be transmitted as soon as practicable to the political subdivision that will conduct the election."

Renumber to conform

Page 23, strike lines 19 through 45

Strike pages 24 and 25

Page 26, strike lines 1 through 23, insert:

"Sec. 18. Section 16-912, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

# 16-912. <u>Candidates and independent expenditures; campaign</u> <u>literature and advertisement sponsors;</u> identification; civil penalty

- A. A political committee that makes an expenditure for campaign literature or advertisements that expressly advocate the election or defeat of any candidate or that make any solicitation of contributions to any political committee shall be registered pursuant to this chapter at the time of distribution, placement or solicitation and shall include on the literature or advertisement the words "paid for by" followed by the name of the committee that appears on its statement of organization or five hundred dollar exemption statement.
- B. If the expenditure for the campaign literature or advertisements by a political committee is an independent expenditure, the political committee, in addition to the disclosures required by subsection A of this section, shall include on the literature or advertisement the names and telephone numbers of the three political committees making the largest contributions to the political committee making the independent expenditure. If an acronym is used to name any political committee outlined in this section, the name of any sponsoring organization of the political committee shall also be printed or spoken. For purposes of determining the three contributors to be disclosed, the contributions of each political committee to the political committee making the independent expenditure during the one year period before the election being affected are aggregated.
- C. The provisions of Subsection A of this section do DOES not apply to bumper stickers, pins, buttons, pens and similar small items on which the statements required in subsection A of this section cannot be conveniently

printed or to signs paid for by a candidate with campaign monies or by a candidate's campaign committee or to a solicitation of contributions by a separate segregated fund from those persons it may solicit pursuant to sections 16-920 and 16-921.

- D. The disclosures required pursuant to this section shall be printed clearly and legibly in a conspicuous manner or, if the advertisement is broadcast on a telecommunications system, the disclosure shall be spoken. FOR COMMUNICATIONS THAT ARE BROADCAST ON A TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM OR OTHER MEDIUM THAT CAN PROVIDE A VIEWABLE DISCLOSURE AND A SPOKEN DISCLOSURE, THE DISCLOSURE MAY BE MADE IN PRINTED FORMAT ONLY AND A SPOKEN DISCLOSURE IS NOT REQUIRED.
- E. A person who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of up to three times the cost of producing and distributing the literature or advertisement. This civil penalty shall be imposed as prescribed in section 16-924."

Renumber to conform

Page 27, between lines 13 and 14, insert:

"Sec. 20. Section 16-919, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

## 16-919. <u>Prohibition of contributions by corporations, limited</u> liability companies or labor organizations; exemption; classification; definitions

- A. Except as provided in section 16-914.02, it is unlawful for a corporation or a limited liability company to make an expenditure or any contribution of money or anything of value for the purpose of influencing an election, and it is unlawful for the designating individual who formed an exploratory committee, an exploratory committee, a candidate or a candidate's campaign committee to accept any contribution of money or anything of value from a corporation or a limited liability company for the purpose of influencing an election. This subsection does not apply to political committees that are incorporated pursuant to title 10, chapters 24 through 40 and political committees that are organized as limited liability companies.
- B. Except as provided in section 16-914.02, it is unlawful for a labor organization to make an expenditure or any contribution of money or anything of value for the purpose of influencing an election.

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- 1 C. NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTIONS A AND B OF THIS SECTION, A CORPORATION,
  2 LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY OR LABOR ORGANIZATION MAY CONTRIBUTE TO AN
  3 INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE.
  - 6. D. A corporation, limited liability company or labor organization that violates this section is guilty of a class 2 misdemeanor.
  - $rac{ extsf{D.}}{ extsf{C}}$  E. The person through whom the violation is effected is guilty of a class 6 felony.
  - E. F. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, a political committee that is incorporated only for the purposes of liability limitation may make contributions for the purpose of influencing an election. Notwithstanding the corporate status of a political committee, the chairman and treasurer of an incorporated political committee remain personally responsible for carrying out their respective duties under this article.
    - F. G. For the purposes of this section:
  - 1. "Election" means any election to any political office, any election to any political convention or caucus or any primary election held for the purpose of selecting any candidate, political committee or other person for any political office, convention or caucus.
  - 2. "Employee" includes any employee, is not limited to the employees of a particular employer and includes any individual whose work has ceased as a consequence of, or in connection with, any current labor dispute or because of any unfair labor practice.
  - 3. "Employer" includes any person acting as an agent of an employer, directly or indirectly.
  - 4. "Labor organization" means any organization of any kind or any agency or employee representation committee or plan in which employees participate and that exists for the purpose in whole or in part of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment or conditions of work."

Renumber to conform

- Page 28, line 9, strike "article" insert "TITLE, EXCEPT FOR VIOLATIONS OF CHAPTER 6, article 2"
- 33 Page 32, between lines 16 and 17, insert:
- "Sec. 25. Section 38-542, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:
- 36 38-542. <u>Duty to file financial disclosure statement; contents;</u>
  37 <u>exceptions</u>

- A. In addition to other statements and reports required by law, every public officer, as a matter of public record, shall file with the secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary of state a verified financial disclosure statement covering the preceding calendar year ending December 31. The statement shall disclose:
- 1. The name and address of the public officer and each member of his household and all names and addresses under which each does business.
- 2. The name and address of each employer and of each other source of compensation other than gifts amounting to more than one thousand dollars received during the preceding calendar year by the public officer and members of his household in their own names, or by any other person for the use or benefit of the public officer or members of his household, a description of the services for which the compensation was received and the nature of the employer's business. This paragraph shall not be construed to require the disclosure of individual items of compensation that constituted a portion of the gross income of the business from which the public officer or members of his household derived compensation.
- 3. For a controlled business, a description of the goods or services provided by the business, and if any single source of compensation to the business during the preceding calendar year amounts to more than ten thousand dollars and is more than twenty-five per cent of the gross income of the business, the disclosure shall also include a description of the goods or services provided to the source of compensation. For a dependent business the statement shall disclose a description of the goods or services provided by the business and a description of the goods or services provided to the source of compensation from which the dependent business derived the amount of gross income described in section 38-541, paragraph 4. If the source of compensation for a controlled or dependent business is a business, the statement shall disclose a description of the business activities engaged in by the source of compensation.
- 4. The names and addresses of all businesses and trusts in which the public officer or members of his household, or any other person for the use or benefit of the public officer or members of his household, had an ownership or beneficial interest of over one thousand dollars at any time during the preceding calendar year, and the names and addresses of all businesses and trusts in which the public officer or any member of his household held any office or had a fiduciary relationship at any time during

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the preceding calendar year, together with the amount or value of the interest and a description of the interest, office or relationship.

- 5. All Arizona real property interests and real property improvements, including specific location and approximate size, in which the public officer, any member of his household or a controlled or dependent business held legal title or a beneficial interest at any time during the preceding calendar year, and the value of any such interest, except that this paragraph does not apply to a real property interest and improvements thereon used as the primary personal residence or for the personal recreational use of the public officer. If a public officer, any member of his household or a controlled or dependent business acquired or divested any such interest during the preceding calendar year, he shall also disclose that the transaction was made and the date it occurred. If the controlled or dependent business is in the business of dealing in real property interests or improvements, disclosure need not include individual parcels or transactions as long as the aggregate value of all parcels of such property is reported.
- 6. The names and addresses of all creditors to whom the public officer or members of his household, in their own names or in the name of any other person, owed a debt of more than one thousand dollars or to whom a controlled business or a dependent business owed a debt of more than ten thousand dollars which was also more than thirty per cent of the total business indebtedness at any time during the preceding calendar year, listing each such creditor. This paragraph shall not be construed to require the disclosure of debts owed by the public officer or any member of his household resulting from the ordinary conduct of a business other than a controlled or dependent business.— nor shall disclosure be required of credit card transactions. retail installment contracts, debts on residences or recreational property exempt from disclosure under paragraph 5 of this subsection, debts on motor vehicles not used for commercial purposes, debts secured by cash values on life insurance or debts owed to relatives. It is sufficient disclosure of a creditor if the name and address of a person to whom payments are made is disclosed. If the public officer, any member of his household or a controlled or dependent business incurred or discharged a debt which is reportable under this subsection during the preceding calendar year, the report shall disclose that the transaction was made and the date it occurred.

- 7. The identification and amount of each debt exceeding one thousand dollars owed at any time during the preceding calendar year to the public officer and members of his household in their own names, or to any other person for the use or benefit of the public officer or any member of his household. The disclosure shall include the identification and amount of each debt exceeding ten thousand dollars to a controlled business or dependent business which was also more than thirty per cent of the total indebtedness to the business at any time during the preceding calendar year. This paragraph shall not be construed to require the disclosure of debts from the ordinary conduct of a business other than a controlled or dependent business. If the public officer, any member of his household or a controlled or dependent business incurred or discharged a debt which is reportable under this subsection during the preceding year, the report shall disclose that the transaction was made and the date it occurred.

  8. The name of each source of any gift, or accumulated gifts from a
- 8. The name of each source of any gift, or accumulated gifts from a single source, of more than five hundred dollars received by the public officer and members of his household in their own names during the preceding calendar year, or by any other person for the use or benefit of the public officer or any member of his household except gifts received by will or by virtue of intestate succession, or received by way of distribution from any inter vivos or testamentary trust established by a spouse or by an ancestor, or gifts received from any other member of the household or relatives to the second degree of consanguinity. Political campaign contributions shall not be construed as gifts if otherwise publicly reported as political campaign contributions as required by law.
- 9. A list of all business licenses issued to, held by or in which the public officer or any member of his household had an interest at any time during the preceding calendar year, including the name in which the license was issued, the type of business and its location.
- 10. A list of all bonds, together with their value, issued by this state or any political subdivision of this state AND held at any time during the preceding calendar year by the public officer or any member of his household, which bonds issued by a single entity had a value in excess of one thousand dollars. If the public officer or any member of his household acquired or divested any bonds during the preceding calendar year which are reportable under this paragraph, the fact that the transaction occurred and the date shall also be shown.

- B. If an amount or value is required to be reported pursuant to this section, it is sufficient to report whether the amount or value of the equity interest falls within:
  - 1. Category 1, one thousand dollars to twenty-five thousand dollars.
- 2. Category 2, more than twenty-five thousand dollars to one hundred thousand dollars.
  - 3. Category 3, more than one hundred thousand dollars.
- C. This section does not require the disclosure of any information that is privileged by law.
- D. The statement required to be filed pursuant to subsection A shall be filed by all persons who qualified as public officers at any time during the preceding calendar year on or before January 31 of each year with the exceptions that a public officer appointed to fill a vacancy shall, within sixty days following his taking of such office, file a financial disclosure statement covering as his annual period the twelve month period ending with the last full month prior to the date of his taking office, AND A PUBLIC OFFICER WHOSE FINAL TERM EXPIRES LESS THAN THIRTY-ONE DAYS INTO THE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING CALENDAR YEAR MAY FILE THE PUBLIC OFFICER'S FINAL FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE AT THE SAME AS THE DISCLOSURE FOR THE LAST IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING YEAR.
- E. The secretary of state shall prepare written guidelines, forms and samples for completing the financial disclosure statement required by this section. A copy of the guidelines, forms and samples shall be distributed to each public officer and shall be made available to each candidate required to file a financial disclosure statement pursuant to section 38-543."

Renumber to conform

Page 32, line 20, after "supervisors" insert "or other political subdivisions" Line 24, strike "shall" insert "may"

Page 33, after line 20, insert:

### "Sec. 28. Secretary of state; secure petition process pilot program; delayed repeal

A. Notwithstanding any other law, the secretary of state may establish a method for registered voters to sign a nomination petition and a citizens clean elections five dollar donation qualification form for a candidate by way of a secure internet portal for petitions for statewide and legislative offices. The method established shall ensure that only those registered voters who are eligible to sign petitions for that particular candidate may

- sign the petitions and qualification forms for a candidate and shall provide a method for the registered voter's identity to be properly verified.
- B. This section is repealed from and after December 31, 2014."
- 4 Amend title to conform

and, as so amended, it do pass

EDWIN W. FARNSWORTH Chairman

2304-jud 2/10/11 9:47 AM H:jmb

2304EF2.doc 02/09/2011 10:42 AM C: myr

2304EF.doc \* 02/09/2011 11:35 AM C: myr